Year 2 English Map 2023-24

Objectives typed in blue are the key performance indicators (KPIs).

Objectives which must be promoted/taught throughout the year:

Spoken Language (Years 1-6)

Pupils should be taught to:

- Isten and respond appropriately to adults and their peers
- ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge
- use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary
- articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions
- give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings
- maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments
- use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas
- speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English
- participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates
- gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s)
- consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others
- select and use appropriate registers for effective communication

Reading - Decoding

• Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words

- Respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes
- Read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs2 that have been taught (e.g. coach, morning, cried)
- Read aloud accurately books that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words
- Re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading

Reading - Comprehension

Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: listening to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently

Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: being encouraged to link what they read or hear read to their own experiences

Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their particular characteristics

Participate in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say

Writing - Transcription

• Spell words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught

• Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far (RWI – hold a sentence)

Article 3: The best interests of the child must be a top priority in all things that affect children.

Article 12: Every child has the right to have a say in all matters affecting them, and to have their views taken seriously.

Article 24: Every child has the right to the best possible health. Governments must work to provide good quality health care, clean water, nutritious food and a clean environment so that children can stay healthy. Richer countries must help poorer countries achieve this



Summer 1: Travelling and explorers							
	Outcomes	Suggested Texts	Word reading	Comprehension	Writing Transcription	Writing Composition	Vocab, Grammar, Punctuation
Summer 1 - 6 weeks	 Narrative writing Comparison of a journey 	 Gregory Cool – Caroline Binch Flotsom – David Wiesner Space Tortoise 	 Refer to page 1 – Objectives which should be taught throughout the year. 	 Discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related Making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done Understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by: answering and asking questions Predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far 	 Add suffixes to spell longer words, including -ment, -ness, - ful, -less, -ly. Uses the suffixes - er, -est in adjectives and -ly to turn adjectives into adverbsG e.g. suffixes -ment, -ness, -ful, - less, -ly to root words ending in a consonant (see left) and to exception words ending in -y: e.g. merriment, happiness, plentiful, penniless, happily (see Appendix 1, pg 47). Start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined 	 Consider what they are going to write before beginning by: writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary Make simple additions, revisions and corrections to their own writing by: proof-reading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation (e.g. ends of sentences punctuated correctly) 	 Learn how to use: subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and co-ordination (using or, and, or but) Learn how to use: sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences Commas to separate items in a list Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling and to mark singular possession in nouns (e.g. the girl's name).
	Year group non-negotiables to be taught through every lesson						
Spoken language		 Pupils should be taught to: listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others select and use appropriate registers for effective communication 					

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